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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA \*

JOHNATHON IRISH \*

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TRANSCRIPT OF STATUS CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE LANDYA B. McCAFFERTY

Appearances:

For the Government: Anna Z. Krasinski, AUSA

Kasey A. Weiland, AUSA

United States Attorney's Office

For the Defendant: Benjamin L. Falkner, Esq.

Krasnoo, Klehm & Falkner, LLP

<u>Court Reporter</u>: Liza W. Dubois, RMR, CRR

Official Court Reporter

United States District Court

55 Pleasant Street

Concord, New Hampshire 03301

(603)225-1442

## 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 THE CLERK: The Court has before it for consideration today day three in the jury trial of USA 3 4 vs. Johnathon Irish, 19-cr-251-LM. THE COURT: All right. I would like to make 6 sure counsel has the latest copy of the jury 7 instructions. Okay? MS. KRASINSKI: Thank you. 8 9 MR. FALKNER: Thank you. THE COURT: Okay. I just want to start by 10 11 reiterating that the jail call is coming in. 12 admissible. I've ruled on that. 13 There was a question about a transcript. 14 know I wanted defense counsel at least to have it to 15 benefit from it, but the question remains do you want 16 the jury to have that transcript, so-called transcript. 17 MS. KRASINSKI: Yeah, we did get a verbatim 18 transcript from one of the FBI transcriptionists. I 19 have both emailed and given counsel a hard copy. To the extent we use it, I think what we would 20 21 do is make copies and mark it for identification 22 purposes and have the jurors have it in hand while 23 they're listening to the call, but I think the case

law's pretty clear that it cannot go back to --

THE COURT: Right.

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1
              MS. KRASINSKI: -- the jury.
              THE COURT: And I have to give the jury an
2
3
    instruction at the time.
4
              What do you think of that, Attorney Falkner?
              MR. FALKNER: I haven't had a chance to
 5
    determine the accuracy of the transcript, but I agree
6
7
    that the state of the law is that if your Honor -- I
    believe it's in your Honor's discretion to allow them to
8
    read the transcript, but they do have to be instructed
9
10
    that it's the audio that's the evidence and not the
11
    transcript.
12
              THE COURT: And the audio will be in with them
13
    through JERS. They can listen to that.
14
              What do you want with respect to having them
15
    have the transcript while they're listening? Do you
16
    have --
17
              MR. FALKNER: I haven't had a chance to listen
18
    to it side by side with the transcript and I know that
19
    it's short, but I think perhaps if I can have a chance
20
    to at least do that before I respond --
21
              THE COURT: Okay. Well, that would have been
22
    good to do before we hit 11:00 a.m. Maybe you just
    didn't get it until moments ago. But let's break in
23
24
    time to give you time to do that.
25
              MR. FALKNER: Thank you.
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              THE COURT: All right. Okay.
              Unanimity, I'm going to tell you where I'm
2
    leaning on unanimity. We talked about it yesterday. I
3
4
    think generally the government's instruction is
5
    obviously the correct statement of the law, but I think
    in this case, because the -- my jury instructions, I
6
7
    think, which both of you agree with on possession,
    describe direct, active possession as one theory of
8
    possession, but then there's also constructive
9
    possession as a second theory.
10
              And there's been evidence of active or direct
11
12
    possession of a pistol, there's been evidence -- and
13
    there may be more direct evidence or evidence of direct
14
    possession of a gun, but there's certainly been sort of
15
    competing theories. There would be the active
16
    possession of a firearm and constructive. And I think
17
    that alone, plus the facts of this case, to me, counsel
18
    in favor of giving a unanimity instruction.
19
              Let me tell you what I've drafted and point
20
    you to it right away. It is page 19. It's in bold.
21
    Can you just quietly read that to yourself.
22
              Okay. Any problems, Attorney Falkner?
              MR. FALKNER: No, your Honor.
23
24
              THE COURT: Any problems with that language?
25
    I know you prefer the nonunanimity instruction, but I am
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inclined at this point -- I'm leaning in this direction.
1
2
    I don't obviously -- I want to carefully consider it in
    light of the First Circuit case law and I think this
3
4
    case provides a situation where this -- this is the way
5
    to handle the question.
              So any objections to the way this is worded?
 6
7
              MS. KRASINSKI: Obviously the government
    prefers the instruction that it suggested. I would just
8
    ask that the Court wait to make a final decision --
9
10
              THE COURT: Right.
11
              MS. KRASINSKI: -- until after the proof is in
12
    on this.
13
              THE COURT: And it is in bold because I really
    want to hear all the evidence, but I wanted to give you
14
15
    a heads-up as to the language I was contemplating using.
16
              So if I stick with a unanimity instruction, do
17
    you have any problem with this language? Because we'll
18
    plug this in based on my final decision.
              I just want to see if you have any -- this
19
20
    doesn't have to be our final charging meeting. I'll do
21
    that before I give the instructions. So don't worry
22
    if -- this won't be the last and final opportunity to
23
    raise -- raise concerns.
24
              MS. KRASINSKI: I'm just curious.
25
              THE COURT: Uh-huh.
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MS. KRASINSKI: If this were the way that the
1
2
    Court instructed the jury, would the Court also intend
    to give them a special verdict form?
3
4
              THE COURT: I'm thinking no. I'm thinking of
5
    just telling them this is what they have to agree on and
    I think a special verdict form I'm going to stay away
6
7
    from. I know that I think in general the circuit
    prefers the general verdict forms.
8
9
              But if you want to propose one and Attorney
    Falkner agrees with it -- I've been leaning against
10
11
    that. So that's a good question.
12
              MS. KRASINSKI: I'm not sure that I would ask
13
    for one. I just sort of wondered what the Court's plan
14
    was.
15
              THE COURT: Yeah.
16
              MR. FALKNER: I think I would ask for one,
17
    your Honor, but --
18
              THE COURT: You would ask for a special
19
    verdict form?
20
              MR. FALKNER: As to the particular firearms,
21
    yes.
22
              THE COURT: Okay. I'm leaning against that,
23
    but if you can give me some case law, give me some
24
    reason why I need to have them literally specify and
25
    check off which firearm, I think if I describe to them
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that with respect to this question an element of
possession that they have to be unanimous.

I -- so I'm leaning against it, but if you can give me case law and persuade me that I should, I'm open to that. Okay?

MR. FALKNER: Understood.

THE COURT: All right. So the instructions are in front of you, the draft -- the latest draft, and I just want to go through it with you. I have left in bold those things that we don't know yet. So the unanimity is still in bold, but everything else I think we've removed the bold on.

I added your informant witnesses or witnesses granted immunity instruction that both of you agreed on. That is -- that starts at page 10, goes through 11. So I've added exactly -- I think they are slight wording changes, but they were only made at -- made to make it more readable.

All right. And I think the elements, I've added your stipulations to the first, your stipulation to the second, and then possession, of course, is going to be the key element in this case. So you've seen that. You've had that language since the day of jury selection and you haven't raised an issue, so I'm assuming that is okay, that third element.

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I've added unanimity. It's in bold. And if
1
2
    ultimately -- let me see. If I go with the government's
3
    requested instruction, it would be much simpler:
4
    government is not required to prove the defendant
    possessed both firearms described in the indictment.
    You may find the defendant has met the -- the government
6
7
    has met its burden on possession if you find that the
    defendant knowingly possessed at least one of the two
8
    firearms described in the indictment.
9
10
              That would be the government's requested
11
    instruction.
12
              And so I would substitute that, depending upon
    how I finally rule there.
13
14
              In or affecting commerce, I think the way it
15
    had been proposed by I think the government was just
16
    connected to and I just used the language that's in the
17
    case law.
18
              So I think that covers the jury instructions.
    So we'll obviously have further conferences on these,
19
20
    but at this point you, I think, have my latest complete
21
    draft.
22
              Okay. Now, let me go to the Petrozziello
23
    issue, which is the issue regarding the admissibility of
24
    the statements in Exhibit 29D.
25
              We heard argument -- I heard argument on that
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yesterday. Is there anything anybody would like to do
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2
    by way of supplementing that, that argument?
3
              MS. KRASINSKI: No, your Honor.
4
              THE COURT: Anything further from you,
5
    Attorney Falkner?
              MR. FALKNER: I would just say I think under
 6
7
    Petrozziello, you have to make -- you can admit the
    evidence de bene, but you can only make your final
8
    findings at the close of the case. And I -- it's my
9
10
    understanding that I have to request those findings at
11
    the close of the case and there are -- we're only
12
    halfway through the evidence.
13
              So I'm objecting to their admission under
14
    Petrozziello for the -- for the same reasons, but --
15
              THE COURT: For the same reasons. Your
16
    reasons yesterday were essentially authentication,
17
    foundation.
18
              MR. FALKNER: Well, but also that -- that the
    only evidence of the conspiracy is the -- is the --
19
    those messages themselves and that --
20
21
              THE COURT: What about the jail call?
22
              MR. FALKNER: And that that jail call it -- is
23
    essentially a bootstrapping on that. It's a commentary
24
    on that very same evidence and not some additional
25
    evidence.
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THE COURT: Okay. Now, there's also other
evidence that hasn't yet been fully admitted that are
only marked for ID and I believe that there are texts
between Mr. Irish and -- is it Mr. Roya?
         MR. FALKNER: Mr. Roya.
          THE COURT: And those are 29C?
         MS. KRASINSKI: Yes, your Honor.
          THE COURT: And I think we -- did we discuss
that yesterday? And those were statements of the
defendant and I believe, Mr. Falkner, you said as long
as they are properly authenticated, you didn't have any
other basis on which to object to those.
         MR. FALKNER: That I agree with, right.
         THE COURT: Okay. All right. So that's 29C.
          So presuming that Mr. Roya testifies, he's
going to be called today as a witness?
         MS. KRASINSKI: (Nods head.)
          THE COURT: He's testifying and presuming he
is able to authenticate these texts as you anticipate,
Mr. Falkner -- and, again, this is a provisional
finding, but I want to make these findings right now and
supplement them as I go.
         But my provisional findings with respect to
this issue are as follows:
         Now, under 801(d)(2)(E), I need to find by a
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preponderance of the evidence the following exists in order to admit the statements in 29D, the statements of the mom. Her name is Nancy Haskell.

Number one, first, the existence of a conspiracy, and supporting the existence of a conspiracy, the sort of first finding that I need to make, are the following: The jail call, where Mr. Irish says he wanted his mom not to text, but to call people; and further evidence would be the evidence that we've already seen about Nancy taking action related to transferring the guns in an effort to conceal them. So the existence of the conspiracy, I -- I find -- or the conspiracy itself is this agreement to conceal the possession, defendant's possession, of these guns.

So we've heard evidence about Nancy taking action related to transferring the guns, Neil Prive's testimony, as well as Roscoe Whitney's testimony about her communications with them. And then the content of the texts themselves while alone would not suffice to establish the admissibility of these -- this exhibit, 29D, the content of the texts themselves, however, coupled with the jail call, coupled with the other evidence about Nancy Haskell's communications, the texts themselves corroborate the conspiracy which is evidenced by the jail call.

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Mr. Irish's email address.

Now, again, I need to find that there is this single conspiracy. My finding is, as I think the government is arguing, that the conspiracy is an agreement to conceal the possession of the firearms, an agreement between Mr. Irish and his mom. There are three factors to determine whether a set of criminal activities constitutes a single conspiracy. First factor, the existence of a common goal. The common goal -- and, again, I have looked at the texts in 29D. I've looked at, also, the texts in 29C. So -- so this finding is provisional on those being admitted. But the existence of a common goal, the common goal being to conceal possession of the firearms. Overlap among the activities' participants, it looks as though, based on what has come in thus far and based on 29C and D, it looks as though there is overlap. Mom and Mr. Irish are the central hubs and then there are spokes from them to Roscoe Whitney thus far, to Prive, and it looks like there will be evidence that the spokes extend to Mr. Roya. Then there are connections among them as well. Mom is texting Prive's phone number to Roya in Exhibit 29D. Mr. Irish emailed a document to Mr. Whitney or at least Mr. Whitney testified that it came from

There were interactions and communications between the mother and Mr. Whitney, according to Mr. Whitney's testimony yesterday. And then there in 29C, the texts between Mr. Irish and Mr. Roya really reference and tie in the whole conspiracy.

So there's also interdependence upon the participants which is a third factor. All parts of the scheme were necessary, really, for it to be successful.

So, now, that's -- that's the existence of a conspiracy, number one, and number two, I have to find that Mr. Irish had a membership in that conspiracy. The jail call and the texts in Exhibit 29D and 29C reveal that and corroborate that. Again, dependent on how the testimony comes in to establish a foundation to authenticate the Exhibit 29C and D.

But if those are admitted as full exhibits, then I believe the jail call plus those reveal his membership in that conspiracy.

The declarant's membership is the third element or factor finding I need to make. The declarant's membership in the same conspiracy, again, the same basic evidence, the jail call, plus the content of her text in 29D, the content of Mr. Irish's text in 29C, and additionally, Mr. Whitney's testimony described her role in communicating with him, Mr. Whitney, about

this wider scheme of concealing the firearms, his possession of the firearms.

The final factor -- finding that I need to make is that the statement is made in furtherance of the conspiracy. We're talking about exhibits -- Exhibit 29D, the statements of the mom, and I -- there is a preponderance of evidence that her statements in 29D were made in order to further the conspiracy to conceal Mr. Irish's possession of the guns.

The statements themselves, again, would not be enough, but the statements plus the other corroborating evidence that I've already mentioned support a finding that they were made in furtherance of the conspiracy.

The texts themselves show that the declarant, the mom, is arranging with Roya for Roya to pick up the guns from Prive and referencing Mr. Irish and his awareness of the plot throughout the texts with Mr. Roya.

All the evidence I've already mentioned corroborates the fact that the statements in 29D were made in furtherance of the conspiracy, so I find that there is a preponderance of evidence at this early stage.

Now, again, what happens with this is I -- I need to hear evidence on 29C and 29D with respect to

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those two documents. So I think in order for me to make
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2
    that finding, I think the evidence on 29C would have to
3
    come in.
4
              Is it -- is 29C coming in before the 29D
5
    texts?
              MS. KRASINSKI: It'll all likely come through
6
7
    the same witness.
8
              THE COURT: Okav.
              MS. KRASINSKI: The one thing I will say is
9
    that Government's Exhibit 29A identifies what the number
10
11
    associated with Johnathon in the phone. Special Agent
12
    Christiana testified that that phone number is the same
13
    phone number that the defendant provided as his when he
14
    called the FBI in late October of 2019.
15
              And so I -- I anticipate that Gary Roya will
16
    also testify that that's who he -- that that is who he
17
    was communicating with, but that's just an additional
    piece of authentication that came in yesterday.
18
19
              THE COURT: Okay. Well, I think, under --
20
    under the ruling I can provisionally admit a
21
    coconspirator's statement before the evidence -- other
22
    evidence comes in, admitted on a provisional basis.
23
              So -- but I think obviously it would be
24
    cleaner were they to come in in the order I described.
25
              Attorney Falkner?
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MR. FALKNER: Yes, obviously I object to your findings, but I think the practical significance of those findings and, in particular, in the context of 29C, an outgoing message from Gary Roya to stop giving info to people -- stop giving -- this is page 7 of the exhibit -- stop giving info people don't need -- who has -- what just -- that they were gone -- gone will be shooting -- and then it goes on: Will be shutting off phone until 8:30 a.m. from now on.

That given your Honor's findings of the

That given your Honor's findings of the existence of a conspiracy that Gary Roya is a member of that conspiracy, that -- or potentially a member of that conspiracy, that he may be incriminating himself by his testimony and probably --

THE COURT: But, no, the issue I'm making findings on are the mom. That's what I have to find. I have to have -- I have to have an understanding that the declarant is a member of the conspiracy. I think this issue of concealing the firearms and her role in that and Mr. Irish's role are central to that. The fact that there are other people that they've involved in that, that's part of the narrative, but --

MR. FALKNER: But my point is, your Honor, that given that so-called hub-and-spoke conspiracy described by your Honor and given Mr. Roya's message

that he -- that Johnathon Irish should not be speaking to people or giving them information, that potentially suggests that he also has a role in concealing the firearms. And given that that's the case, or certainly could be the case, depending on the questions, I think out of an abundance of caution, he ought to be given the opportunity to speak with counsel.

THE COURT: Well, this was an issue that we knew would come up as well, so I appreciate that you're making the argument, but appointing counsel and getting counsel for him is something we can do. I'm not sure -- I'm not sure there's enough here to be concerned about that, but let me hear from the government.

MS. KRASINSKI: I don't think there's evidence that he knew that the -- his possession of the guns that -- the defendant's possession of the guns was unlawful. I -- I don't think there's enough here that he would need counsel. And to the extent that counsel wants to cross-examine him on these statements, he'll be here, he can certainly cross him on them. But I am not aware of evidence that suggests that he was a knowing member of a conspiracy to hide the defendant's unlawful possession of weapons.

Did he hold on to those weapons? Yes. But I don't think -- I'm not aware of anything that indicates

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that he was knowingly helping --
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2
              THE COURT: So he's similar in that way to
    Mr. Prive?
3
4
              MS. KRASINSKI: Correct, your Honor.
5
              THE COURT: Okay. So tell me what evidence
    there is, Mr. Falkner, that would -- that would justify
6
7
    that. It's -- it's the text you were just reading.
              MR. FALKNER: The text message that he was
8
    just reading, I think, it's -- potentially demonstrates
9
    and also --
10
              THE COURT: And that's in 29C?
11
12
              MR. FALKNER: 29C.
13
              THE COURT: Let me just go there with you.
14
              MR. FALKNER: Page 7.
15
              MS. KRASINSKI: The page ending in Bates
16
    number 86.
17
              THE COURT: So 29 -- 29C. All right. Bates
18
    number ending in 86.
19
              Your Honor, I think, actually, if you start at
20
    page 63 to review the text message from the defendant --
21
              THE COURT: Okay. So start at 63?
22
              MS. KRASINSKI: -- to make sure that it's in
23
    context.
24
              THE COURT: Okay. 63.
25
              Okay. So I'm looking at 86 and, Attorney
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Falkner: Stop giving info to people who don't need to
1
2
    know who has what, just that they were gone, will be
3
    shutting off phone.
4
              Okay. Explain -- that's the key text that
5
    you're talking about?
              MR. FALKNER: And that's in response, as the
6
7
    government pointed out, to Johnathon's -- Johnathon is
    the texter, from Johnathon, and that's on page 63:
8
    Gary, sorry for the early hour, Stephanie will be making
9
    contact with Roscoe, then presumably you, to verify
10
11
    location, how long you had them, that you picked them
12
    up.
13
              THE COURT: Okay. Tell me how else could that
    be interpreted, Attorney Krasinski. I understand his
14
15
    argument.
16
              MS. KRASINSKI: So I'll proffer that my
17
    understanding of what he would say if asked about this
18
    is that he would say he was irritated, that he just
19
    didn't want -- he took custody of these and that he
20
    just didn't want people calling him. He didn't want
21
    Stephanie calling him. He just wanted to be left alone.
22
              It doesn't -- the text itself doesn't say, you
23
    know, I'm helping you hide these, I know you're not
24
    allowed to have these.
25
              So I certainly think Attorney Falkner can
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cross him on it. If he says something different than I
1
2
    expect, you know, maybe --
3
              THE COURT: So is this something we would do
4
    via voir dire outside of the presence of the jury just
    to find out --
5
              MR. FALKNER: Your Honor --
 6
7
              THE COURT: -- or are you thinking he
    absolutely needs a lawyer to advise him before he says
8
9
    anything?
10
              MR. FALKNER: I mean, I think that he probably
11
    needs a lawyer before he says anything.
12
              Again, and although he may have a so-called
13
    innocent explanation, certainly based on the -- based
14
    on the fact that there's the finding of this conspiracy,
15
    I certainly intend to cross-examine him thoroughly
16
    about -- about this issue before the jury.
17
              And certainly his answers to those questions,
18
    whether he denies it or not, given these text messages,
19
    suggests his involvement or it could reasonably suggest
20
    his involvement in the conspiracy.
21
              MS. KRASINSKI: Your Honor, the other thing
22
    that I would say is that the defendant's text message,
23
    "Stephanie will be making contact with you to verify
24
    location of the quns" -- the defense's -- the defense
25
    here is these were Stephanie's guns, she tried to get me
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1
    in trouble by leaving them at my house.
2
              The fact that he's talking about Stephanie
    related to the guns, that he's trying to conceal or tell
3
4
    Stephanie that they went from one place to another when
    they, in fact, didn't, that doesn't relate to an
5
    unlawful -- his unlawful possession of the firearms.
6
7
              THE COURT: Did he ever sign anything or --
    that he -- that he received the guns from Roscoe
8
    Whitney?
9
10
              MS. KRASINSKI: After these text messages, he
11
    did sign that form. And he'll say he didn't really read
12
    it, he signed it, now that he looks at it -- similar to
13
    what Roscoe Whitney testified.
14
              THE COURT: Okay. But he -- he signed the
    form, but it wasn't -- it wasn't ever a statement made
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16
    to an FBI agent or a false statement --
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              MS. KRASINSKI: Correct.
18
              THE COURT: -- other than the signature on
19
    that document.
20
              MS. KRASINSKI: Correct.
21
              THE COURT: Okay. Stick with me for a minute
22
    on this because I'm just thinking out loud.
23
              So the conspiracy here is with respect to the
24
    conspiracy that I need to find in terms of admitting
25
    statements in 29D. That is activity that is designed to
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conceal Mr. Irish's possession of the weapons. 1 2 Mr. Roya is -- he's taking guns from someone. He's not actually giving guns to a felon; he's taking guns 3 4 himself. And that's what he is doing here. How is 5 what he is doing a criminal act? What crime is he committing? 6 7 MR. FALKNER: Any more than the criminal conspiracy to hide -- the very criminal conspiracy, 8 basically, that the government is alleging to get these 9 10 admitted in the first place, the conspiracy to hide 11 Johnathon Irish's possession of these firearms. 12 And it -- it's interesting, because it seems 13 the government wants to have it both ways; that Nancy --14 the evidence that Nancy Irish is committing a crime of 15 conspiracy is that she's sending this false document for 16 people to sign so that no one knows where the guns went. 17 He's the recipient of the guns. He signed the 18 same very false document. When Johnathon Irish sends 19 him a text message that says, hey, Stephanie's going to 20 be reaching out to you to confirm when you got these 21 messages from Roscoe Whitney, his response is I didn't 22 get these -- is not -- he doesn't respond to it I didn't 23 get these weapons from Roscoe Whitney, I'm getting them 24 from Neil Prive. It's you need to shut up and stop 25 talking to people about where these weapons are going.

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So as far as I can tell, on the government's
theory of why these -- exactly why these messages are
being admitted, he's playing a central role in that
exact conspiracy. He's the person that ends up hiding
these firearms.
          I'm sorry. If I said Nancy Irish, I meant
Nancy Haskell.
          MS. KRASINSKI: I -- I just think there's a
difference in knowledge here. I mean, I think the
evidence is that Nancy Haskell and the defendant used
all of these people, used Neil Prive, and I think the
evidence will be that they similarly used Gary Roya.
          But to the extent that he is a member of any
conspiracy, it is unknowing. It is unwitting. I don't
think there's going to be -- I don't anticipate any
evidence that he purposefully joined a conspiracy to
hide the defendant's guns.
          THE COURT: Okay. All right. I need to think
about this further. So with respect to Mr. -- was he
going to be early on? What was your order of witnesses?
          MS. KRASINSKI: No, your Honor. He should be
later.
          THE COURT: Okay. That'll give us some time.
What's your order?
          MS. KRASINSKI: I think we're going to start
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with Ms. Millett and then we should hear from David
1
2
    Marcotte and then Dylan Roosa.
3
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let me just --
4
    I'll have to research that and if we need ultimately to
5
    get him counsel before he testifies, then obviously I
    think it would assist any appointed counsel for both of
6
7
    you to be able to meet with counsel.
              But ultimately I want to make a decision on
8
9
    that and, again, this is one of those issues that
10
    requires -- requires some research and thinking before
11
    I -- before I rule.
12
              So I -- I think that's all we need before
13
    11:00, before the jury comes in.
              MR. FALKNER: Excuse me? I'm sorry.
14
15
              THE COURT: I think those are the issues we
16
    needed to resolve. Are there any others?
17
              MR. FALKNER:
                            Two --
18
              THE COURT: Okay.
19
              MR. FALKNER: -- your Honor.
20
              There's a witness named Dylan Roosa, and
21
    just -- there's been a lot of testimony that the
22
    government's eliciting about who knows who. And Dylan
23
    Roosa is a witness who had an interaction with Mr. Irish
24
    after -- just before his arrest, after the seizure of
25
    the weapons and just before his arrest.
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And I don't at all want to go into that interaction itself, just the fact that it occurred. And I just want to be careful in -- I can explain the interaction.

Mr. Irish at the time had a restraining order against Stephanie Irish and Mr. Irish is at a gas station. And Stephanie Irish pulls in in one car, Dylan Roosa pulls in in the second car, and they're essentially caravanning together and it results in Stephanie Irish being charged with violating the restraining order and there's some evidence that Johnathon Irish was threatening to Dylan Roosa.

I don't want to get into any of those crimes whatsoever, just the simple fact that they had an interaction and that he was -- he was carpooling with Stephanie Irish on that occasion.

And -- and the reason why I'm raising it now is because if your Honor's ruling is, well, if you get into that at all, I'm going to let you get into -- I'm going to let the government get into the actual underlying acts and the restraining order and the attack -- or the alleged attack and all that stuff, then I just wouldn't go there.

But I don't in any way want to elicit any evidence of any crimes, just the fact that -- that there

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was an interaction that occurred on that location and
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2
    that he was carpooling with Stephanie on that occasion.
3
              THE COURT: Okay. Let me just -- let me just
4
    generally respond to that.
5
              As we saw yesterday, some witnesses do not
    answer your limited, direct question.
6
7
              MR. FALKNER: Right.
              THE COURT: They answer what it is they
8
9
    want --
10
              MR. FALKNER: Right.
11
              THE COURT: -- everyone to know. So it's
12
    always a risk when you ask questions of witnesses.
13
              So, ultimately, I don't know what to tell you
14
    about that. It sounds as though the extraneous details,
15
    I'm not seeing how they would be relevant, but if you
16
    could ask your question in a way that is so crystal
17
    clear to that witness that that's all you're asking
18
    about and that -- that is on you.
19
              If your question leaves any room for him to
20
    embellish, if he's so inclined, then I think it's risky
21
    and ultimately I would -- if it's material you don't
22
    want in, I might err on the side of not asking him.
23
    Depends on how important that single interaction is.
24
              Attorney Krasinski?
25
              MS. KRASINSKI: I mean, I think the point is
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that this witness is closer to Stephanie Irish than with the defendant. I think there are ways to elicit that without going into the specific incident.

He -- what he describes about that incident is

they were driving, they were caravanning up to his house, they stopped for gas. There was an interaction between the defendant and Stephanie. He pulled his car across the street to kind of wait for things to clear up and then at some point he drove back into the gas station.

The defendant came up, stood in front of his car, was yelling at the witness, was yelling at the witness's wife. So the witness got out of his car and then the defendant pulled a knife that he carried and threatened him with a knife, sort of at his hip. He didn't point it at him but sort of pulled it out, kind of let him know, showed that he had it, and the witness then got back in his car and then drove away.

I think there are other ways to get the point across that this witness has a relationship, a friendly relationship, with Stephanie Irish. We don't intend to elicit that information.

THE COURT: All right.

MS. KRASINSKI: So --

THE COURT: I'm not going to give you advice

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1
    on that. I can tell you that it doesn't sound as though
2
    that information would be admissible, but I can't --
3
    it's hard for me to give you a ruling ahead of time.
4
              I think it's risky. It sounds like very
5
    prejudicial -- potentially prejudicial information that
6
    you wouldn't want anywhere near a jury, and if there's
7
    some other way to ask him a question and not risk that
    he just will be like certain witnesses yesterday and
8
    answer -- tell the jury whatever he wants to tell them,
9
    I would stay away. But ultimately that's just your call
10
11
    and Mr. Irish's call in terms of how you want to handle
12
    that.
13
              So -- all right.
14
              MR. FALKNER:
                            Sorry.
15
              THE COURT:
                         Yes.
16
              MR. FALKNER: Two more brief issues.
17
              One, this is just scheduling and just --
18
              THE COURT: Yup, go ahead.
19
              MR. FALKNER: -- looking ahead.
20
              Thursday morning, which really hadn't been
21
    anticipated to be on our trial docket, but I just --
22
    imagining that the jury could theoretically still be
23
    deliberating at that point, Thursday morning, I've --
24
    I'm held as a reserve argument for the Supreme Judicial
25
    Court in Boston and they won't tell me until tomorrow
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1 whether I am on or not. 2 I did tell them that I was potentially 3 still in a jury trial and they said that they could 4 potentially make accommodations like calling my argument first or last, but I just wanted to flag it to the Court because I don't think anyone anticipated that we might 6 7 still be going Thursday. And we may not be, but that's 8 out there. 9 THE COURT: Again, I see that as your issue and you're going to have to handle that. We're going to 10 11 continue with the trial. You're going to have to tell 12 the SJC exactly how they handle that. I -- you're in a 13 trial, the trial has started, and I'm inclined to just 14 keep it going. 15 So to the extent you need my assistance with 16 anything, verifying that you are in a trial, I would be 17 happy to have my case manager help you with that, but I 18 am not going to stop the trial for that. 19 MR. FALKNER: All right. 20 THE COURT: Okay? 21 MR. FALKNER: I understand. 22 THE COURT: What was the other issue? 23 MR. FALKNER: I'd ask if we could approach to 24 sidebar for this issue. 25 THE COURT: Sure.

AT SIDEBAR

MR. FALKNER: I received text messages last night from Nancy Haskell suggesting that she had heard the testimony in court, was unhappy with the way that the testimony had been elicited and was unhappy with my performance, and that essentially she may well find a way to find -- make her voice be heard and that she may appear at the courthouse.

I would just ask that if for some reason she comes into this courthouse while the jury's in session that we find a way to send the jury out and admonish her not -- that she's not to have any kind of outburst in the courtroom or something to that effect, because I think that could be extremely unfairly prejudicial to Mr. Irish and it could really jeopardize the integrity of the proceedings.

THE COURT: I won't know her. Obviously, I'm in a position to see. You guys have your back to everything.

MR. FALKNER: Right.

THE COURT: So perhaps somebody could be on alert and let you know.

I mean, what do you think of that?

MS. KRASINSKI: Since the CSOs typically check IDs. Can we ask them to sort of flag that name and let

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1
    us know if someone showing that ID comes into the
2
    courthouse?
3
              THE COURT: Let me speak with our marshal if I
4
    can find him and just ask him what's the correct
5
    protocol for something like this. This is unusual.
    appreciate you bringing it to -- and you knew about this
6
7
    as well?
8
              MS. KRASINSKI: We just discussed it this
9
    morning.
10
              The other sort of thing that we can do is
11
    Officer LeBlanc is outside the courtroom. He's not
12
    sitting in testimony. But he would know her.
13
    sees her, may he come in and alert one of us?
14
              THE COURT: Why couldn't he? What would
15
    prohibit that?
16
              MR. FALKNER: Oh, to -- well, just the
17
    sequestration order, I guess, your Honor. But I think
    if he was coming in solely for that purpose --
18
19
              THE COURT: Okay.
20
              MS. KRASINSKI: So if that's acceptable to
21
    both counsel and the Court, I can also ask him to do
22
    that.
23
              THE COURT: I don't see anything wrong with
24
    that. And, again, he's -- he's sequestered because you
25
    may call him back.
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1
              MR. FALKNER: Right.
              THE COURT: And we'll allow for that
2
3
    exception.
4
              Let me also just talk to the U.S. Marshal and
    see if I can do that in the next ten minutes and then I
5
    want to think about the other issue. Hopefully we don't
6
7
    go to Thursday.
8
              MR. FALKNER: Right.
              THE COURT: You know, that's a tough issue,
9
    but I -- I think we're just going to keep the trial --
10
11
    I'll do everything I can to help you with it. If you
12
    need a call from the Court --
13
              MR. FALKNER: And just so that your Honor's
14
    aware, I don't know whether I had misunderstood it, but
15
    the information I had originally been given was that I
16
    would be told as of last Thursday whether I was on or
17
    not for this Thursday. And then when I called last
18
    Thursday, I was told, you'll find out Wednesday.
19
              THE COURT: That was nice. Anything I can do
20
    to help with that, I will. But I do want to keep --
21
              MR. FALKNER: I understand.
22
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. I'll see you
23
    then in seven minutes. I'm going upstairs.
24
                      CONCLUSION OF SIDEBAR
25
              THE CLERK: All rise.
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                      (Recess taken at 11:55 a.m.)
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## CERTIFICATE

I, Liza W. Dubois, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate transcription of the within proceedings, to the best of my knowledge, skill, ability and belief.

Submitted: 3/27/2020 /s/ Liza W. Dubois LIZA W. DUBOIS, RMR, CRR